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Queen of Apostles School

Student Engagement, Safe Behaviour and Wellbeing Plan

OVERVIEW

Queen of Apostles School is committed to providing a safe, supportive and responsive learning environment for all students. We teach and model the behaviours we value in our students. Developing positive behaviours and behaviour self-regulation skills in all students from an early age will lead to a safer learning environment for all and will set up our students with the social skills needed in later life.

Our Student Engagement, Safe Behaviour and Wellbeing Plan helps build an inclusive education environment where every student is known, valued and cared for, and all students can learn to their fullest ability.

We know that students who feel supported and safe are more likely to be more connected to school and active participants in their learning. Positive and respectful learning environments promote wellbeing, engagement and improved academic achievement. Using the Berry Street Education Model, the plan supports a preventative, positive, student-centred, school-family-community approach in which consistency is key.

PRINCIPLES

The use of any form of child abuse, corporal punishment or other degrading punishment to manage student behaviour is explicitly forbidden. These terms are defined in accordance with the Guide to Registration Standards and Other Requirements for Non-Government Schools:

Child abuse: Four forms of child abuse are covered by Western Australian law:

- 1. Physical abuse occurs when a child is severely and/or persistently hurt or injured by an adult or a child's caregiver.
- 2. Sexual abuse, in relation to a child, includes sexual behaviour in circumstances where:
- the child is the subject of bribery, coercion, a threat, exploitation or violence;
- the child has less power than another person involved in the behaviour; or
- there is a significant disparity in the developmental function or maturity of the child and another person involved in the behaviour.
 - 3. Emotional abuse includes:
- psychological abuse; and
- being exposed to an act of family and domestic violence.
 - 4. Neglect includes failure by a child's parents to provide, arrange or allow the provision of:
- adequate care for the child; or
- effective medical, therapeutic or remedial treatment for the child.

Corporal punishment: There is no place in the school environment for corporal punishment. Corporal Punishment can be defined as:

Any punishment in which physical force is used and intended to cause some degree of pain or discomfort, however light; typically involving hitting the child with the hand or with an implement; can also include, for example, forcing the child to stay in an uncomfortable position. It does not include the use of reasonable physical restraint to protect the child or others from harm [UN Committee on the Rights of the Child, General Comment No. 8 (2006)].

Degrading punishment: There is no place in the school environment for degrading punishment. Degrading Punishment can be defined as:

Any punishment which is incompatible with respect for human dignity, including corporal punishment and non-physical punishment which belittles, humiliates, denigrates, scapegoats, threatens, scares or ridicules the child [UN Committee on the Rights of the Child, General Comment No. 8 (2006)].

Procedural Fairness must be maintained at all times. A process that demonstrates procedural fairness is one which:

- Decision-makers act fairly and provide reasons for decisions
- The person affected is given a fair hearing
- All parties to a matter have an opportunity to put their case where an adverse decision of finding is made; and
- All relevant arguments are considered and irrelevant arguments are excluded

We believe:

- Strong relationships matter. Every child must feel they have an advocate in their school and children learn best from teachers they value and respect. They know that these teachers do care about them.
- Teachers make a difference and need to be supported to do what they do with passion and purpose.
- Teaching should focus on academic content and social and emotional development. How children learn is of equal importance to what they learn.
- Children are best prepared for learning when they are in a safe, orderly, engaging and supportive environment.
- A culture of inclusiveness strengthens children's sense of connection. A sense of wellbeing
 and dignity emerges for children when they feel they have agency and are partners in their
 learning.
- Consistent school-wide, positive and supportive behaviour management procedures can contribute to great learning for all.

At Queen of Apostles School, we believe learning cannot be separated from wellbeing. They are inextricably connected. Success of our school is built on this understanding. The school has in place the following programs, policies and procedures which address child well-being and engagement:

Curriculum	Extra-curricular	Policies/Procedures
WA Curriculum (SCSA)	Special Weeks/Days/Events Eg. Grandparent's Day, Naidoc Week Celebrations, Sporting Days and Competitions, Enrichment opportunities and competitions, Harmony Day, Social Justice opportunities, Leadership opportunities in Year 6	Bullying and Harassment Policy
URSTRONG	Buddy Program	Child Safe Procedures
Berry St Education Model	Before and After School Care	Student Code of Conduct
Religious Education Curriculum	MJR Program	Complaints Policy
Keeping Safe Curriculum		

ENGAGEMENT

Queen of Apostles School has developed a range of strategies to promote engagement, positive behaviour and respectful relationships for all students in our school. We acknowledge that some students may need extra social, emotional or educational support at school, and that the needs of students will change over time as they grow and learn. We therefore have a 3-tier system of engagement in place to support student's regulation in the classroom based on the Berry Street Education Model.

STRA	TEGIES TO SUPPORT STUDENT REGULATION
Tier 1	Universal Supports for all students
	Collaborative Problem Solving; Consistent Predicable Routines; Visual Timetables; Mindfulness; Rule reminders; Circle Time; Zones of Emotional Regulation; Welcome Circle; Strengths based program, Brain Breaks and Positive Primers; Ready to Learn Scales;
Tier 2	Targeted Supports for some students
	Restorative Conversations; Think Sheets; Chill-out spaces in the classroom; Walk and Talks; Chill-out spaces in the Leadership Office
Tier 3	Individualised Supports for students with personalised plans
	Chill-out spaces in Leadership Office; Individual Conversations; Mediation between parties; Restorative conversations including parents

BERRY STREET EDUCATION MODEL

The Berry Street Curriculum is purposefully designed to support the sequential development of students' physical, psychological, social and emotional capacities. It is designed to be responsive to the needs of children and young people as they emerge.

The domains within the Berry Street Education (BSEM) are: Body, Stamina, Engagement, and Character, all anchored by Relationship. These five areas are pedagogical lenses; each domain reflects our durable understandings and evidence-based practice which inform daily classroom learning.

To support student wellbeing and promote a safe and inclusive learning environment, the following underpins the Berry Street Education Model:

- Maintaining unconditional positive regard
- Maintaining high expectations of all students
- Utilising a strengths-based approach when delivering feedback

Our three core student expectations are:

- Come to school prepared to learn
- Allow others to learn
- Everyone has the right to feel safe

One of the Berry Street strategies is to ensure our school has a calm learning environment with Consistent Predicable Routines (CPR). When students know and understand the routines of the school and classroom, students are able to focus on the learning tasks, be ready to learn and remain focused for longer periods. (Diagram 1)

CALM AND PREDICTABLE LEARNING ENVIRONMENT

WHOLE SCHOOL APPROACH



1. LINE UP QUIETLY

- Be on time
- · Maintain personal space
- · Respect others

2. ACTIVE LISTENING

- · Eyes to the speaker
- Mouths quiet
- · Ready to learn





3. VISUAL TIMETABLES

- · Visible to the students
- Updated each day
- · Referred to each morning

4. READY TO LEARN SCALE

- Regular check-ins and brain breaks
- Supports regulation
- Identifies difficult emotions and stress





5: CALM CORNER

- A welcoming, uncluttered spaceUsed for chill-out/regulation
- Osed for chill-out/regulation
 Students know what it's used for

6: WELCOME CIRCLES

Six Steps:

- Greeting
- Affirmation
- Values and expectations
- Announcements
- Positive Primer
- · Values and expectations
- What went well in the circle





7: SIGNAL TO BEGIN/TRANSITIONS

- · Call and response signal, waiting for 100% attention
- Transition steps to ensure orderly movement

((when to move, actions expected, who will move. Teacher attentive and observing movements, giving positive feedback)

SCHOOL BEHAVIOUR MATRIX

We support the development of skills needed by students to meet our high standards for student behaviour through effective role modelling, explicit teaching, positive reinforcement and planned responses. Specific attitude and behaviour expectations for safe, respectful and engaged learners across all school settings are outlined in our school behaviour matrix. (Diagram 2)

These expectations will be explicitly taught to all students at the commencement of each year to ensure awareness and a common understanding of expected behaviours and should be revisited as necessary throughout the year. The expectations are also displayed around the school as visual reminders for students.

DIAGRAM 2:









BE SAFE

Keep hands and feet to yourself

Hold sporting equipment still

Walk quietly and sensibly to

BE RESPECTFUL

Speak kindly to others

Line up without pushing in

BE A LEARNER

Go to the bathroom or drink fountain before lining up

Be standing quietly in line, ready for learning

Follow teacher directions



LIBRARY

BE SAFE

Move around the room sensibly and calmly

Keep hands and feet to yourself

Use library equipment sensibly

BE RESPECTFUL

Finish eating before entering

Use quiet voices

Use library furniture appropriately

Share games and equipment fairly and pack away when

BE A LEARNER

Know what activity you wan

Follow staff instructions

Borrow regularly and return books on time

Make sure you have your



OFFICE

BE SAFE

Walk directly to and from the

Talk to the office staff before leaving sick bay

BE RESPECTFUL

Remove your hat

Stand quietly and wait your

Use your manners

BE A LEARNER

Speak to the teacher before going to the office

Know what you are there for

Wait until office staff are available



EXCURSIONS

BE SAFE

Listen to, and follow all adulti instructions

Think bus and road safet

Ask parmission to leave the

group (toilets etc) and always go with a partner

BE RESPECTFUL

Use your manners

Follow bus driver instructions
Use public property and
equipment appropraitely

Sports Carnivals:

Show sportmanship

Accept winning or losing

Play fairly and by the rules

BE A LEARNER

Take responsibility for your belongings

Practice resilience when facing

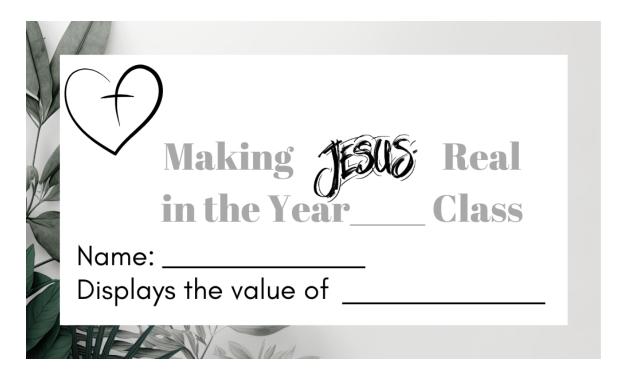
Be fully engaged in all activities

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND RE-INFORCEMENT OF APPROPRIATE BEHAVIOURS

We acknowledge and reinforce appropriate behaviour through our academic merit awards and MJR awards which are given for demonstrating behaviours that are Christ-centred.

Our Making Jesus Real program centres on recognising students who display the attitudes and values of Jesus (our school values). In class, students may receive special value tickets for Making Jesus Real or verbal feedback on how their behaviour mirrors Jesus'. (eg. Diagram 3). A special MJR certificate is given to the child in each class who reflects the values of the school at a special MJR Gathering each term. These MJR certificate recipients are rewarded with a 'Pizza with the Principal' lunch at the end of the term. MJR recipients are also acknowledged in the school newsletter.

DIAGRAM 3 (an example)

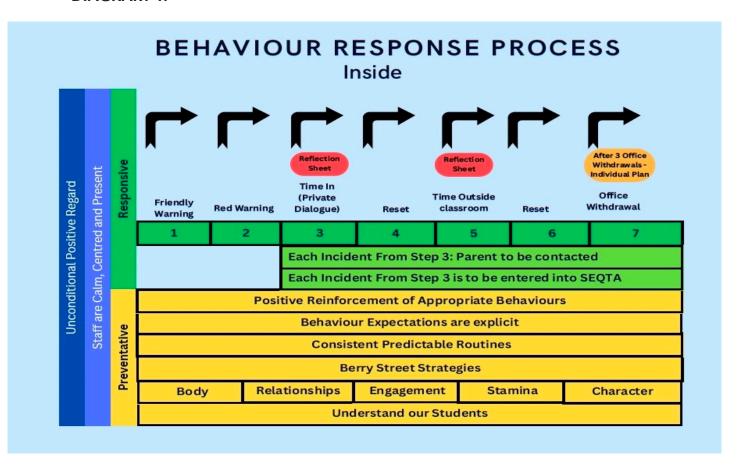


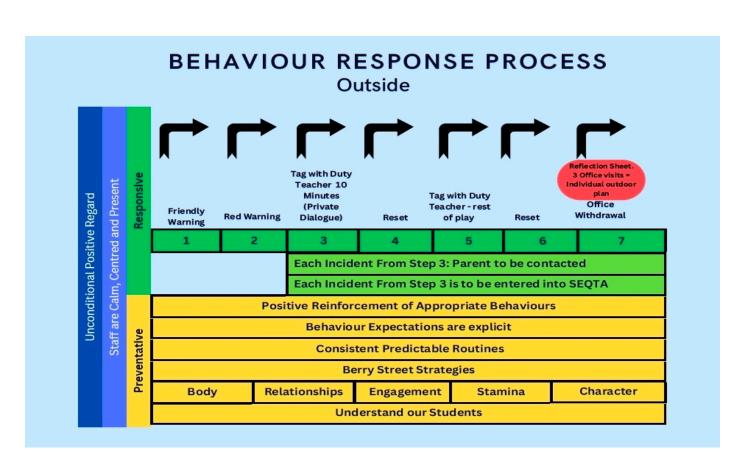
SCHOOL ACTIONS AND CONSEQUENCES

At Queen of Apostles, we believe all students have the right to learn in a safe, caring and challenging environment free from harm. We acknowledge and reinforce positive behaviours and apply consistent classroom management procedures for minor indiscretions. More serious breaches of the student behaviour expectations are managed through a levelled consequence system.

When applying the classroom management procedures or level system to an incident, consideration is given to the intent and individual circumstances in which the behaviour occurs. The system is implemented consistently across all areas of the school and follows the procedure outlined below (Diagram 4).

DIAGRAM 4:





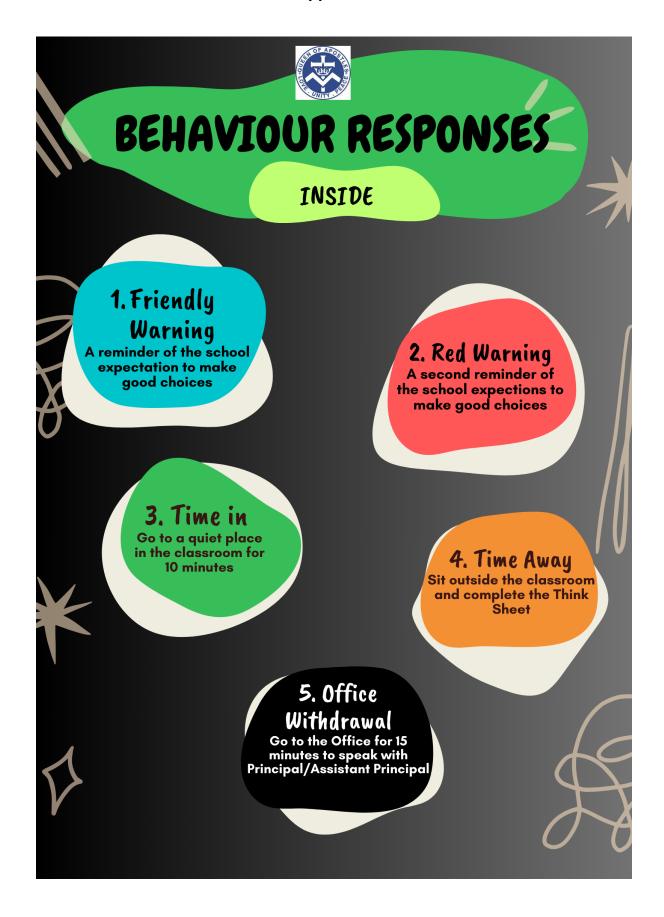
Restoring relationships (Restorative Practice) underpins our Behavioural Response Process. A restorative approach focuses on building and maintaining positive relationships across the whole school community. It aims to create an ethos of respect, inclusion, cooperation, accountability and responsibility.

Restorative dialogues can provide important 'teachable moments' and opportunities to understand the impact of behaviour of self and others. Questions that promote discussion about consequences and encourage personal reflections have the potential to elicit empathy, remorse and learning. When working restoratively, it is important to:

- Ask specific questions that encourage reflection and problem-solving
- Use active listening skills
- Avoid asking 'why' which can cause a defensive response
- Recognise that in some situations there are no 'quick fixes' and it may require further intervention or support to see behaviour change

At times, students may face personal challenges which cause them to have difficulty complying with the behaviour expectations of the school. These students should be identified as early as possible and an Individual Behaviour Plan developed that addresses their specific circumstance, providing necessary supports and procedures to enable them to successfully engage with their peers and learning.

Appendix





BEHAVIOUR RESPONSES

OUTSIDE

1. Friendly Warning

A reminder of the school expectation to make good choices

2. Red Warning

A second reminder of the school expections to make good choices

3. Walk and Talk

Tag with Duty Teacher for 10 minutes

4. Time Away

Duty Teacher to sit student in a quiet area to think about behaviour

5. Office Withdrawal Go to the Office for tim

Go to the Office for time to reflect. Think sheet to be completed



An example of a Think Sheet

Time to Think...

Name:		Class:							
Teacher:			Date:						
Write or draw what happened.									
I felt:									
Angry	Worried	Shocked	Sad	Embarrassed	Other (draw)				
(S)	(10,0)			(SO)					
Draw or write who was affected by my actions:									

How did you make them feel:

Angry

Worried

Shocked

Sad

Embarrassed

(F)	000			(SO)				
What would have been a better choice (write or draw):								
What can yo	u do or say to	maka things	right:					
what can yo	u do or say to	make tilligs	rigiit.					
My goal for r	next time this	happens:						

Other (draw)